

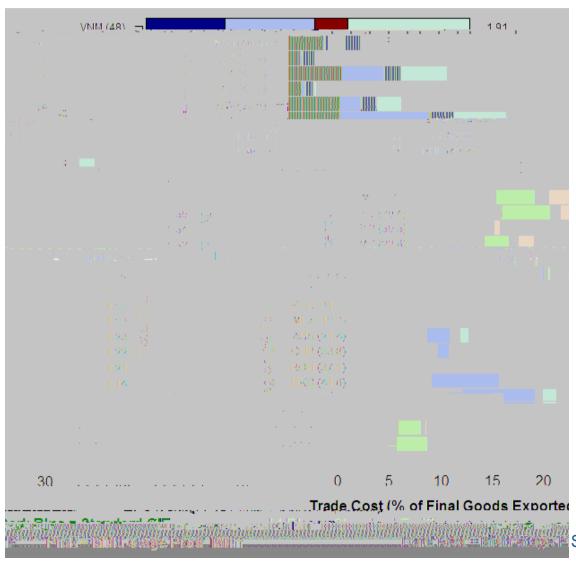
GLOBAL BUSINESS REALITY AND TRADE POLICY

Sébastien Miroudot

WTO Public Forum 2012, "Global business reality and global governance challenges", 26 September 2012



The magnification effect and cumulative trade costs



- •The impact of protectionist measures depends on the participation and position of countries in the value chain.
- •There is a magnification effect along the value chain: upstream suppliers are more impacted than downstream producers.

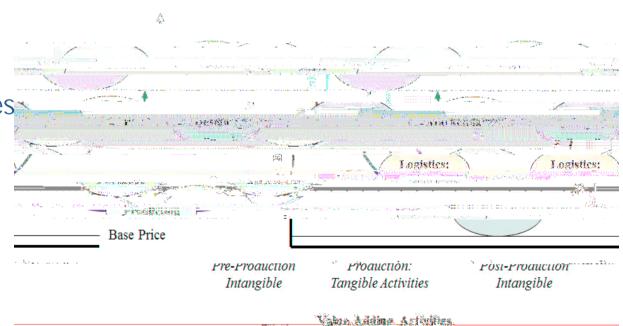
Source: USITC (2012)



Specialisation in production stages

 Being stuck in the middle? Value created upstream and donwstream – what does 'moving up the value chain' means?

- Emerging economies: making sure that value 'sticks'
- Developed economies: retaining value creation
- Importance of knowledge based assets

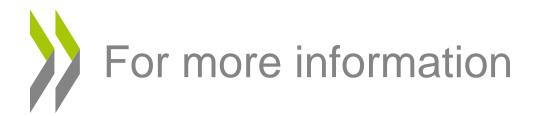


```
!"#$%&'()$&*&+,-."+(/0(/&$&1(2(/34(5"$6*7"8(9/34*(-+:(
&; &$<=+<(%"#+,$=&**(5"$6*7"8(2()-$=*(?@ABAC(
```



Implications for trade negotiations

- Dealing with trade, services, investment and competition
 - "Deep integration" agreements covering all dimensions of market access
 - Including "private" barriers
- Involving the private sector in trade negotiations
 - From "commitments" to actual policies facilitating business
- Neutrality vis-à-vis sourcing strategies of firms and forms of market access
 - Outsourcing versus vertical integration
 - Modes of supply
- A new case for multilateralism
 - International production networks vs. the spaghetti bowl of RTAs
- Towards a more granular approach
 - Heterogeneity of GVCs
 - More targeted approaches for policies to have an impact on firms



• Visit our website: www.oecd.org/trade

Contact us: tad.contact@oecd.org

Follow us on Twitter: @OECDtrade_