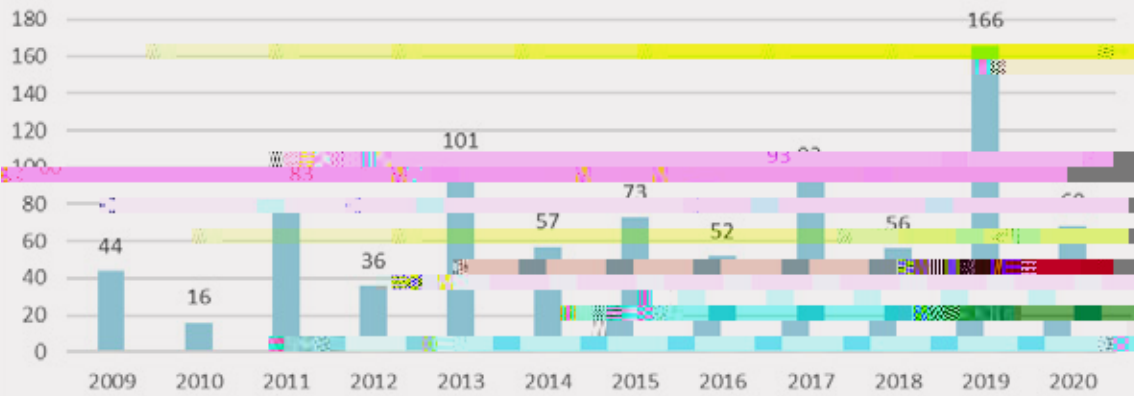
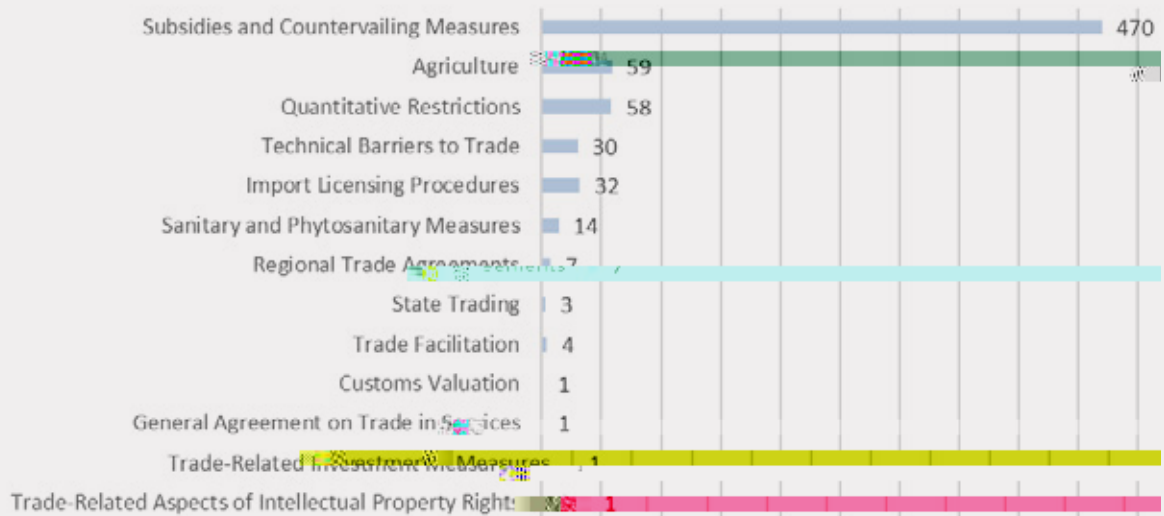


F 6. Number of trade-related notifications (2009-2020)



Source: WTO Secretariat

F 7. Trade-related notification categories (2009-2020)



Source: WTO Secretariat

4.2 SDG:14 Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

SDG 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Target 14.1: By 2025, prevent and reduce to at least 10 per cent the amount of plastic waste entering the environment, including land and the sea, and freshwater ecosystems, and avoid all plastic waste of primary use.

Target 14.2: By 2030, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems, avoid over-exploitation of marine living resources, and strengthen resilience of coastal and marine ecosystems.

Target 14.3: By 2030, reduce to at least 10 per cent the amount of illegal fishing, and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing, including through enhanced monitoring, control and surveillance systems.

Target 14.4: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including through enhanced monitoring and assessment, and promote sustainable use of oceans, seas and coastal resources in accordance with the ecosystem approach and the goal of sustainable development.

Target 14.5: By 2030, conserve and sustainably use marine and coastal biodiversity, protect and restore marine and coastal ecosystems, and strengthen resilience of coastal and marine ecosystems.

Target 14.6: By 2020, increase substantially the number of marine and coastal protected areas, consistent with national legislation, international law and the goal of sustainable development, and in accordance with the ecosystem approach and the goal of sustainable development.

Target 14.7: By 2030, increase the benefits to small-scale fisheries and aquaculture, and to women and the poor and vulnerable in small-scale fisheries and aquaculture, and promote sustainable livelihoods in small-scale fisheries and aquaculture.

Target 14.8: By 2030, increase the number of marine and coastal protected areas, consistent with national legislation, international law and the goal of sustainable development, and in accordance with the ecosystem approach and the goal of sustainable development.

Endnotes

1. The United Nations Secretary-General's High Level Panel of Experts (HLPE) report on 'Food Security and Sustainable Agriculture through Enhancing Resilient Farming and Food Systems' (2019) provides a comprehensive overview of the challenges and opportunities in the agricultural sector.
2. The HLPE report also highlights the need for a holistic approach to food security, one that takes into account the social, economic, and environmental dimensions of the issue.
3. The HLPE report emphasizes the importance of investing in rural infrastructure and services, such as roads, electricity, and healthcare, to improve the livelihoods of rural populations.
4. The HLPE report also calls for a greater focus on climate-smart agriculture, which seeks to increase agricultural productivity while also reducing greenhouse gas emissions and enhancing resilience to climate change.