

REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE

DECREE-LAW 30/2005

Of 9 May 2005

ON

MEDIATION CENTERS

COUNCIL OF MINISTERS
Decree-Law N. ° 30/2005
of 9 May 2005

Creation of Mediation Centers

The strengthening of the quality of democracy and the deepening of the citizenship suggest building a system in which the administration of justice has to be characterized by greater accessibility, proximity, speed, economy, multiplicity, diversity, proportionality, informality, opportunity, visibility, communicability, intelligibility, equality, participation, legitimacy, responsibility and effective reparation.

Well, it is in this context that the new means of prevention and the different modality of supputation of conflicts gain their own space, the same time that the organizational expressions of the civil society are asked to add to its greater civic demand the responsibility for a new and true protagonism in the daily and concrete realization of justice.

Little known among us, but sufficiently experimented in other places, the modalities of alternative resolution of conflicts may offer the scope and circumstance for another, well different acting by the State.

It is that, in contrast with the exclusive intervention and of absolute reservation of power that is invariably attributed in this domain, the State may here and now bet on a true partition of competences with other civil agents, impelling a movement capable of promoting a distinct partitioning of attributions, better able to serve the citizens and the collectivity.

Bringing other persons and other institutions to compete actively in the realization of justice, the State can, with advantage, keep for itself alone its primordial function of regulation and impartial frameworking.

In the use of the faculty conferred by subparagraph a) of No. 2 of Article 203 of the Constitution, the Government decrees the following:

Article 1
Mediation Centers

1 – Any private entity may install, organize and develop mediation centers, not for profit, with the objective of through a composition of the interests of the parts, attained by the parts themselves with the help of a third, neutral and impartial, duly qualified part, obtain the resolution of an existing or emerging conflict.

2 – The mediation centers shall assist or potentiate the resolution of the conflicts that are submitted to them through the Mediators, duly included in the Official List of mediators thus assuring the coordination and administrative support of these professionals.

3 – The mediation centers may specialize their competences according to the nature of the conflict.

4 – This law does not cover arbitration.

Article 2
Registration System

1 – The mediation proceedings registration system is hereby created.

2 – The entities that propose to document judicial conflict resolution proceedings through the mediation centers, must solicit the respective registration at the Ministry of Justice, subject to their principles and procedural rules foreseen in this law.

Article 3
Principle of independence

The mediation centers must offer guarantees of independence and impartiality in their actions, specifically through the prohibition of intervention in proceedings subsequent to the Mediation, whether judicial or extrajudicial, to professionals that collaborate with the center, even if they have not intervened, directly or indirectly, in the Mediation.

Article 4
Principle of transparency

1 – The mediation centers must have internal regulation that pronounces on:

- a) The nature and scope of the conflicts that may be submitted to their review;
- b) The rules of the proceeding, including the preliminary diligences eventually imposed upon the parts, as well as other procedural provisions, namely those relative to its written or verbal character, the competence of the interested subjects and other stakeholders and to the language utilized;
- c) The principles and rules applicable to the mediation and the mediators, such as good conduct codes and deontological norms;
- d) The financial responsibilities for the mediation, specially the Mediators' honoraries and the administrative charges with the mediation, in harmony with the rates in effect as well as with the form and the time table for their liquidation.

2 – The list of the mediators who collaborate with the center and the Official List of mediators, are published by the Ministry of Justice.

Article 5
Rules of proceeding

1 – The rules applicable to the conflict resolution proceedings regulated in this law and in the Mediation Decree-Law must likewise be included in the operational regulation and refer expressly that:

- a) The parts are assured the right to be represented or accompanied by a lawyer or another attorney-in-fact with special powers or by a duly credentialed representative;

- b) The deadlines to practice any acts as well as the minimum formalism for its validity must be clear and precisely defined;
- c) The intervening powers of the entity competent to conduct the proceedings must be clearly identified and fixed with rigor and precision.

Article 6
Coordination

1 – The mediation centers shall have a mediator who will be included in the Official Mediators List and who will be competent to:

- a) Coordinate and superintend all the services pertaining to mediation;
- b) Designate the Mediators charged with possibility to assist the parts in the resolution of the conflicts submitted to Law Firms, when the former do not proceed to the choice of or do not agree on the mediator;
- c) Promote the collection of the registration fees, mediator honoraries, the administrative charges and other expenses resulting from the mediation, due and not paid by any of the parts.

2 – The coordinator should strive to have the Mediators who collaborate with the Center, in the respective Media

2 – When, in the judgment of the Coordinator, the value of the case is either indeterminate or cannot be estimated, the amount of the registration fee, the administrative charges or the mediators' honoraries to be paid are calculated in accordance with the complexity of the matter and other circumstances deemed pertinent.

3 – The maximum limit of the expenses cannot exceed 1/5 of the amount of the case.

Article 9 Registration Fee

The mediation request must be accompanied by the payment of the registration fee, in a maximum amount corresponding to 3% (three per cent) of the amount of the case.

Article 10 Administrative Charges

1 – The administrative charges correspond to a maximum of 5% (five per cent) of the amount of the case and are fixed in the mediation session. The form and payment deadline should also be stipulated.

2 – Whatever the amount under discussion, the amount of the administrative charges cannot exceed ecv 50.000\$00.

3 – The amounts corresponding to the administrative charges are independent from the number of sessions eventually held.

Article 11 Mediator's Honoraries

The mediators' honoraries correspond to a maximum amount of 8% (eight per cent) of the case amount.

Article 12 Payment of Mediators' Honoraries

1 – The mediators' honoraries are paid in two parcels, with half being paid with the pre-mediation session and the other half between the end of the last mediation session and the signature of the "mediation term of agreement".

2 – The Coordinator fixes the expenses referred to in the preceding number, as a function of its effective cost.

Article 14
Deadline for the Payment

1 – The parts must pay the mediators' ~~expenses~~ ~~costs~~ within three ~~days~~ ~~days~~, counting from the date of their notifica

2 – The Ministry of Justice shall fix, by Ordinance, the registration procedures and admissibility rules.

3 – The Ministry of Justice shall publish, annually, the identification of the entities with credentials as mediation centers.

Article 19 Supervision

1 – It behooves the Ministry of Justice to verify for the respect of the provisions of this law, with the power to, specifically, determine the extinction of the registration.

2 – In the case foreseen in the preceding number the Ministry of Justice may publish the extinction of the registration and the suspension of the entity indicated in the publication foreseen in this law.

3 – The mediation centers must send to the Ministry of Justice a semi-annual report pertaining to their activities, which permits the evaluation of the results obtained and identifies the nature of the conflicts submitted to the center.

Article 20 Effective date

1 – The law goes into effect on the date of publication of the Ordinance referred to in Article 18

2 – The Ordinance referred to the preceding number shall be published within 90 days, counting from the date of publication of this legislation.

. Viewed and approved in the Council of Ministers

José Maria Pereira Neves, Manuel Inocêncio Sousa, Basílio Moço Ramos, Victor Manuel Barbosa Borges, Maria Cristina Fes Lima, Júlio Lopes Correia, Armindo Cipriano Maurício, Manuel Monteiro da Veiga, Maria Madalena de Brito Neves, Filomena de Fátima Ribeiro Vieira Martins, Sidónio Fontes Lima Monteiro, João Pereira Silva, Ilídio Alexandre da Cruz, João Pinto Serra

Promulgated on 14 April 2005

Publish it.

The President of the Republic, PEDRO VERONA RODRIGUES PIRES

Referenced on 15 April 2005.

The Prime Minister, José Maria Pereira Neves.