

Filename: 46 RKM-95-Law on Chamber of Commerce.doc

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

LAW ON THE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

*This law is enacted by the National Assembly of the Kingdom of Cambodia
on May 16, 1995 during the Fourth Session of the First Legislature.*

CHAPTER I: ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

ARTICLE 1:

The Chambers of Commerce are public institutions under the auspices of the Ministry of Commerce that carry out activities to serve the interests of commerce, industry, agriculture, crafts, and services within their constituency. There shall be one Chamber of Commerce per province.

2. Representatives of management (cadre) of commercial, industrial, agricultural, crafts, and service enterprises.
3. Representatives of employees of commercial, industrial, agricultural, crafts, and service enterprises.

Upon receiving a proposal from the Chamber of Commerce, the Ministry of Commerce shall determine through proclamation/notice the following:

- x The number of advisory members.
- x The number of each type of member as described above.
- x The list of organizations or associations that have the right to appoint representatives as advisory members.

ARTICLE 6:

The provincial/municipal Governors, or their representatives, and the representatives of the Ministry of Commerce have the right to participate in the meetings of the Chambers of Commerce, but in an advisory capacity only.

ARTICLE 7:

The elected members and the advisory members of the Chambers of Commerce are to carry out their functions without receiving any salary or remuneration.

ARTICLE 8:

The Chambers of Commerce may cooperate through their Presidents, within the framework of their duties, on issues relating to their individual constituencies.

CHAPTER II: DUTIES OF THE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

ARTICLE 9:

The Chambers of Commerce shall have the following responsibilities to:

1. Establish relationships with economic sources inside and outside the country in order to gather information relating to the development of national enterprises.
2. Improve enterprise efficiency for the interests of the commercial, industrial, agricultural, crafts, and service sectors and the economy in general; i.e., prepare and disseminate commercial and economic statistics, conduct research on the economic and commercial situation in commercial, industrial, agricultural, crafts, and service issues.

Play

rcial,
munities t of

ense in the interest of suche responsibiliys

