

Draft

**Law of Ukraine**  
**On Standardization**  
**No.6130**  
**October 5, 2000**

This law sets up general legal and organizational framework for standardization in Ukraine

having the same status as the national one with pointing out any departures from the international (regional) standard.

**Article 2. The scope of this law**

**Article 7. National standardization body**

National standardization body is a specially authorizedut

agreement of the decision of the National standardization body of Ukraine regarding refusal of adoption of an international or regional standard as national standard;  
participation in the expertise of the draft technical regulations and other normative documents in the field of technical regulation;  
consideration of the work program of the National standardization body;  
consideration of appeals on the creation and functioning of technical committees for standardization, development and application of national standards.  
The Council has the right to:  
obtain from government agencies information and materials on the issues within its scope of work;  
authorize its representatives to take part in consultations on the issues of standardization in the bodies of executive power.

### **Article 9. Technical committees for standardization**

Technical committees are formed by the National standardization body for conducting activities in development, consideration and agreement of international (regional) and national standards.

Technical committees for standardization are formed on the principle of representation of all interested parties. Authorized representatives of government agencies, local government, entrepreneurs and their associations, scientific and engineer fellowships (unions), consumer associations and other public organizations, eminent scientists and professionals can participate in the activities of the technical committees for standardization on the voluntary basis.

Technical committees for standardization can be legal entities.

Profit, obtained by a technical committee for standardization from development or expertise of the draft standards, is directed at covering the expenses of the technical committee for standardization and its development.

### **Article 10. Other bodies that deal with standardization**

Central and local bodies of executive power, local governments, entrepreneurs and their associations, scientific and engineer fellowships (unions), consumer associations, other public organizations have a right to organize and conduct activities in standardization in the fields within their scope and within the framework, established by this law and other normative and legislative acts of Ukraine, with regard to their business and professional interests, including:

development, approval or adoption of standards of relevant level, setting up rules for development, designation and application of those standards;

preparation and submission to the National standardization body of the propositions regarding the setting up of technical committees for standardization and the development of national standards or adoption of international ( regional) or their own standards as national ones;

representation of Ukraine in international and regional specialized organizations for standardization, meeting obligations, imposed by the membership in those organizations;

setting up and upholding of information archives of normative documents for their activities and information exchange;

publication and distribution of their own standards, documents of specialized international (regional) organizations for standardization, wherein they are members (on the basis of the statutes of those organizations) or they collaborate with (on the basis of treaties or agreements), delegation of the above-mentioned rights to other legal entities;

keeping National standardization body informed on their activities in standardization, if standards, developed by them, are likely to create technical barriers to trade.

Any persons can deal with standardization, consider drafts national standards and submit to the developer relevant propositions and comments on them.

In accordance with this law and taking into account the specificity of the military sphere the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine, in addition to the rights and functions of other bodies for standardization:

sets the rules for application of standards in the interests of the Armed Forces of Ukraine in accordance with its functions;

organizes and conducts activities in codification in the sphere of defense, provides services in codification to other organizations.

### **Chapter 3. Standards and their application**

#### **Article 11. Development and adoption of standards**

Depending on the level of the body that adopts or approves the standards, standards are subdivided into:

national standards and codes of practice, adopted or approved by the national standardization body, classifications, catalogues, registers of general use all over the country;

standards, codes of practice and technical specifications adopted or approved by other bodies that deal with standardization.

Standards shall meet the market





National standardization body of Ukraine provides information to domestic as well as foreign users of standards through the main information archive of normative documents and National information center of the International information network ISONET WTO.

For provision of information to users the National standardization body forms the catalogue of normative documents in the field of standardization on the national level and sets up rules for its creation and upholding.

The body, responsible for the development and adoption of standards that are likely to create technical barriers to trade, provides relevant information to the National standardization body, which



the rights to which have not been announced within a year from the date this law has become effective, are rendered invalid on the territory of Ukraine.

3. The Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine within a year after this law has become effective shall:

prepare and submit to the Parliament of Ukraine propositions on bringing the laws of Ukraine into correspondence with this law;

bring its legislative acts into correspondence with this law.