WORLD TRADE

ORGANIZATION

WT/MIN(03)/ST/124 13 September 2003

(03-4914)

MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE Fifth Session Cancún, 10 - 14 September 2003 As an agricultural country *par excellence*, as an exporter of such agricultural products as cocoa, coffee, cotton, bananas, pineapples, Côte d'Ivoire reaffirms its position regarding the removal of all kinds of subsidies on agricultural products.

With reference to trade-related intellectual property rights and access to medicines, Côte d'Ivoire welcomes the recent decision in Geneva on access to generic drugs for the poor countries. It is the first significant step in regard to trade-related intellectual property rights and public health and one that we fully appreciate.

However, it has to be recognized that it is a minimum agreement calling for caution. Côte d'Ivoire therefore appeals for international solidarity in coping with endemic diseases, and especially the AIDS pandemic, which threatens their very existence of whole nations. In this connection, I wish, on behalf of my country, to welcome the recent decisions on financial support in combating this scourge, even if the effort is still inadequate, in view of the scope of the devastating effects of AIDS in Africa.

It will be seen that the difficulties of the developing countries are not inevitable, nor are they a curse. They are the result of factors tied in with inadequate development policies, on the one hand, and on the other, a world order that pays little attention to the interests of the weakest. It is not idle to point out that Africa is weighed down by the burden of foreign debt that accounts for almost two thirds of the continent's GDP. This is compounded by debt servicing, which takes up a large part of constantly declining exports and so leads to suffocation. Moreover, Africa attracts less than 1 per cent of foreign direct investment, yet the yield on investment in the continent is one of the highest in the world.

Moreover, in view of the commitments it is called upon to make, Côte d'Ivoire is deeply concerned about the services balance of developing countries in general and the African countries in particular. My country reaffirms the need in these negotiations to respect the principle of progressive liberalization, the right of each Member to regulate its services trade in terms of its development objectives, in accordance with the provisions of the General Agreement on Trade in Services.

My delegation greatly hopes that our Organization will pay special attention to the principle of special and differential treatment, taking account of the level of development of some countries, for the purpose of saving certain sensitive sectors of their economies.

This Fifth Ministerial Conference in Cancún affords us an opportunity to judiciously adapt our Organization's decisions so as to respond effectively and equitably to the objective development needs of the weakest countries.

Like all countries in Africa, Côte d'Ivoire refuses to be placed on the sidelines as a mere supplier of commodities. We want more account to be taken of the concerns of our continent for better integration of Africa in globalization so that this will be translated into strengthened negotiating potential and the will to construct a coherent and dynamic whole.

For this reason, it is Côte d'Ivoire's ardent hope that products in early processing stages will be associated with market access.

In addition, Côte d'Ivoire calls on this Conference to consolidate the preferences obtained by developing countries in exports of certain products, more particularly, tuna, so as to strengthen a sector that is important for the industrial activity of a large number of our countries.

I should like on behalf of the people and Government of Côte d'Ivoire to express our warm gratitude to the international community for its solidarity and the steady efforts it has made to help my country to gradually break loose from the harsh crisis it has recently experienced, and despite