

## OECD initi Td/rage-12Td/p in/i Td(sa2Td/ag-14 in/ Td/eri Td/p in)( Td

WHY -		
WHO -		
WHAT -		
WHEN -		

## Travel requirements

Vaccinated and recovered travellers exempted from further requirements (must have received full number of doses)

Vaccines: recommended by WHO Emergency Use Listing, or approved by a Stringent Regulatory Authority

Other travellers subject to testing and quarantine schemes based on epidemiological criteria (traffic light system)

Tests: RT-PCR and antigen VHQVLWLYLW\• VSHFLILFLW\• LGH

Public health measures maintained at all times (facemasks, distancing, hand washing)

Traveller locator form prior to travel

GREEN	positivity 4%& cases 25		
ORANGE	positivity=4%& cases <50or positivity 4%& cases fro <b>2</b> 5to 150		
RED	positivity=4%& cases=50or cases ≯50		
DARK RED	cases=500or high prevalence of NVoC		
GREY	not sufficient information vailable or testing rate=300		

Orange warningases from 18.75 to 25

Red warningpositivity % to 4% &ases 37.50 to 50 opositivity 3% & case 250 to 150

Dark red warning, cases 375 to 500

Positivity percentage f positivetests among all tests for COVID 19 infections carried ut during the previous week

Casenotification total number of newly notified COVIDI-9 cases per 100 00 (population in the previous 14 days (at national or sub-national levels)

## Information requirements and mechanisms for proof

- Common set of information for certificates
  - Three certificates: i) vaccination; ii) recovery; and iii) testing
  - Based on existing initiatives (ICAO, EU etc.)

## Some points for continuing discussion

- On the health side:
  - monitoring spread and implications of variants of concern (VoCs)
- On the information and proof side:
  - conversion of existing backlog of paper-based certificates
  - achieving interoperability of different solutions
- On aims:
  - Is this a health certificate or a travel certificate?



Download the blueprint <a href="https://oe.cd/blueprint">https://oe.cd/blueprint</a>

THANK YOU

