Differential Pricing

UNFPA's Experience With Contraceptives





United Nations Population Fund

> Christian Saunders, Chief, Procurement Services

Every Minute in the World

110 women

experience a pregnancy-related complication

40 women

have an unsafe abortion

1 woman

dies from a pregnancy related cause

Every Minute in the World

650 people
are infected
with a curable STI

Every Minute in the World

10 people are infected with HIV

ICPD + 5

Governments should strive to ensure that by 2015 all primary health-care and family planning facilities are able to provide directly or through referral, the widest achievable range of safe and effective family planning and contraceptive methods; Essential obstetric care; Prevention and management of reproductive tract infections, including sexually transmitted diseases; And barrier methods, such as male and female condoms and microbicides if available, to prevent infection.

The United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)

Advancing universal access to reproductive health

- Family planning and safe motherhood
- Preventing sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS
- Care for consequences of unsafe abortion
- Eliminating harmful traditional practices

Advocating informed, responsible and free choices

HsoGe

Does Price matter?

For every \$1 million shortfall in contraceptive commodity assistance:

- Increase in the number of unintended pregnancies: 360,000
- Additional induced abortions: 150,000
- Additional maternal deaths: 800
- Additional infant deaths: 11,000
- Additional deaths of children under 5: 14,000

Procurement

- UNFPA is the largest public sector purchaser of contraceptives. Also supplies commodities for social marketing programmes.
- Procurement undertaken by UNFPA is carried out through a fair & transparent process.
- UNFPA utilizes competitive bidding and direct negotiation in the case of <u>proprietary</u> products.
- Long term pricing agreements have been negotiated with many of the manufacturers.

UNFPA vs. MARKET PRICE

	(US\$)	UNFPA	US MARKET
•	Condom (piece)	0.025	0.50
•	IUD (Unit)	0.430	350.00
•	Injectable (dose)	0.675	65.00
•	OCs (cycle)	0.175	30.00
•	Spermicides (tablet)	0.060	1.20
•	Implants (set)	23.000	393.00

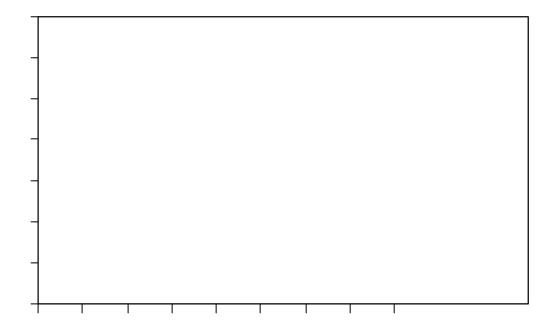
Cost per year of coverage

UNFPA	US MARKET
3.75	75.00
0.10	70.00
2.70	65.00
2.10	360.00
9.00	180.00
4.60	79.00
1.06	
0.60	
	0.10 2.70 2.10 9.00 4.60 1.06

Possible Factors Affecting Price!

- Volume
- Procurement Process
- Market Share
- Image
- Philanthropy

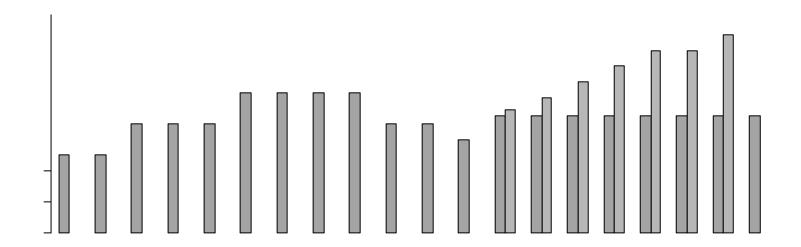
Procurement Volume



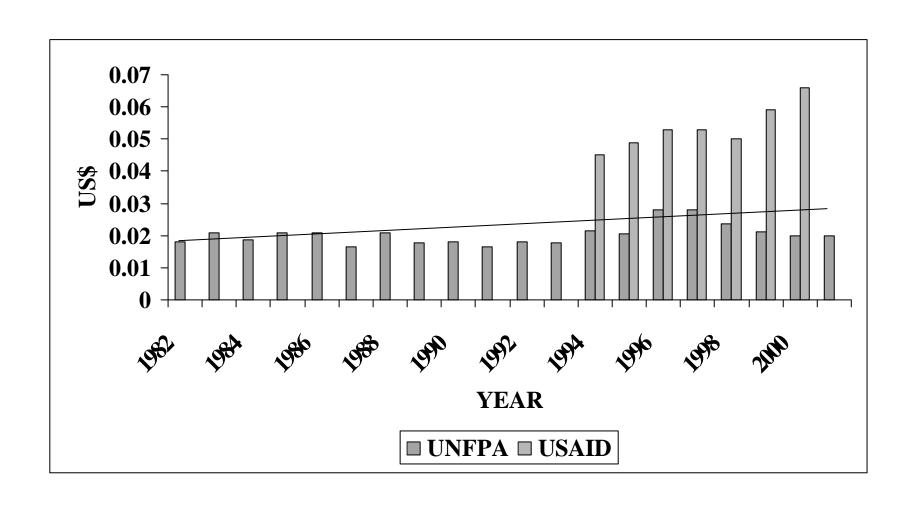
Procurement Process

- Competition
- Experience
- Professionalism
- Quality
- Single client
- Uncomplicated
- Transparent
- Long term partnership with strategic suppliers
- Standardization
- Forecasting allowing for planned production
- Flexibility
- Guaranteed Payment

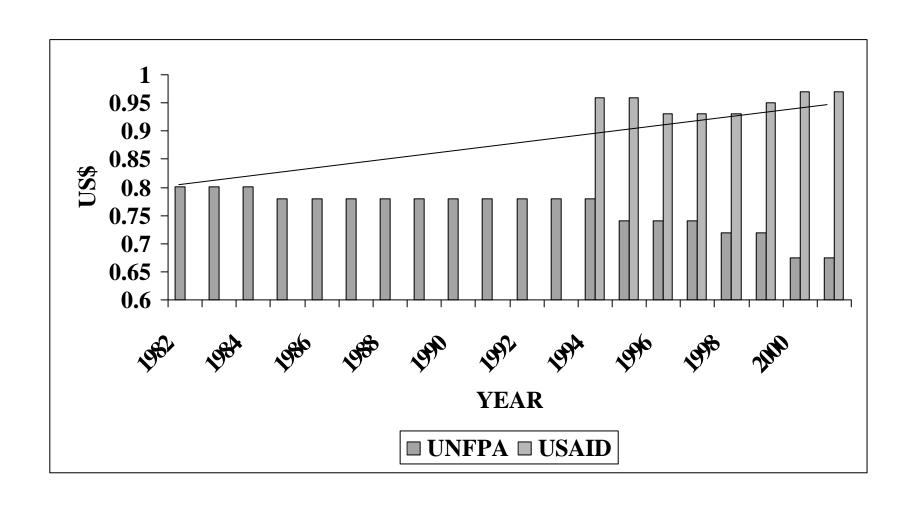
ORAL CONTRACEPTIVES - 'THE PILL'



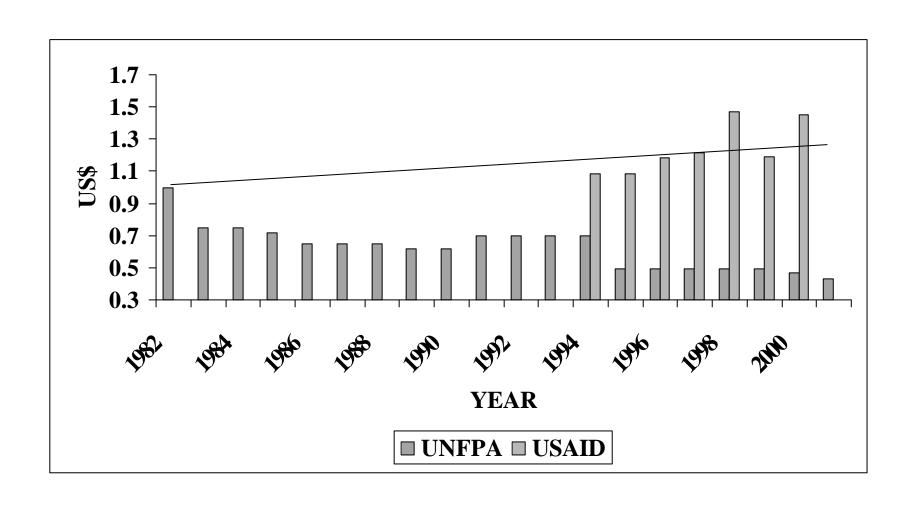
CONDOMS



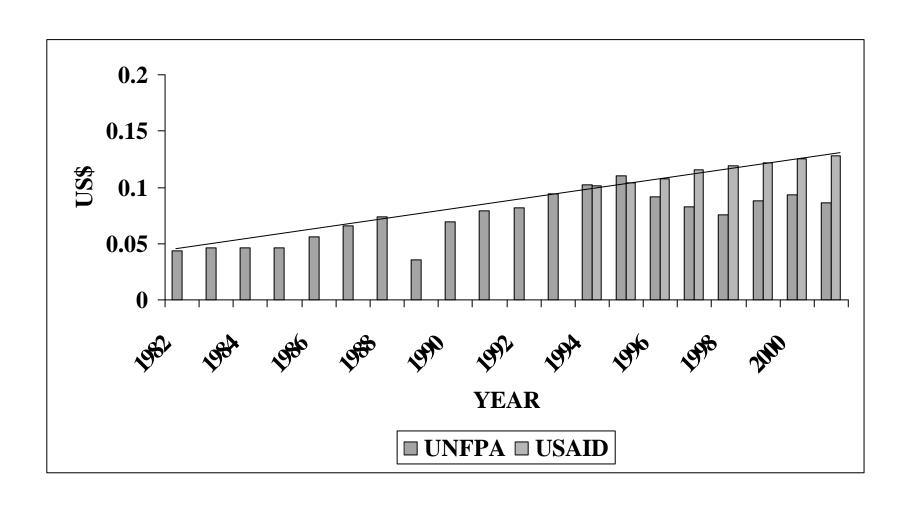
INJECTABLES



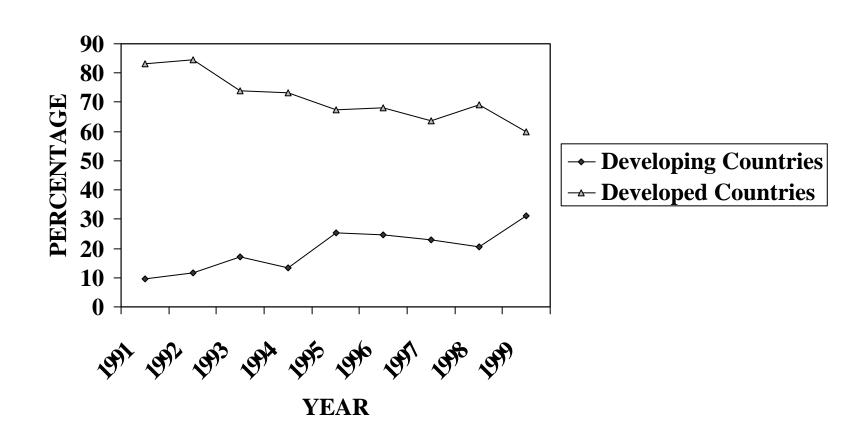
IUDs



SPERMICIDES



Source Of Procurement



Differential Pricing PROPRIETORY PRODUCTS

Example

Product 'X'

(Oral Contraceptive Under Patent)

UNFPA's price US\$ 0.364/cycle

US Market price: US\$ 34.00/cycle

"Rapid population growth and high fertility hold back development and help to perpetuate poverty."

179 countries adopted the ICPD Programme of action in Cairo in 1994. Five years later, a review identified key areas for urgent action.

Contraceptives

The Future

- E-commerce
- Competition
- Group buying
- Standardization
- choice vs. security